

State Purpose of Worksheet – III Term Examination [2018 – 2019]

[KG Class work/Home Assignment/Alternate Class work/Internal Assessment/Continuous Assessment/Unit Test/Cycle Test/Revision Test/Mid Term Examination/Term Examination/Preboard]

Name:	Std: VII	Subject: Geography
Date:	Term: III	Topic: NA
Maximum Marks: 60	Time Duration: 1 ½ hr	Type of Assessment (if internal assessment): NA

General Instructions

Answers to this paper must be written on the paper provided separately
You will not be allowed to write during the **first 10** minutes.
This time is to be spent in reading the question paper.
The time given at the head of this paper is the time allowed for writing the answers.

Attempt **all** questions from **Part I**(Compulsory). A total of **three questions** are to be attempted from **Part II**, The intended marks for questions or parts of questions are given in brackets [].

Part I [30 Marks]

Attempt all questions

Question 1

۷,	destion 1	
Fil	ll in the blanks.	[10]
a)	The boundary between mesosphere and thermosphere is called as	
b)	is an example of greenhouse gas.	
c)	The amount of water vapor present in the air at a given temperature is called as	
d)	is the scientific study of weather conditions.	
e)	is one of the largest producing country of wind energy.	
f)	is also known as 'liquid gold'.	
g)	The strait of separates Europe and Africa.	
h)	is the longest river of Europe.	
i) ˌ	is the southernmost active volcano in the world, located in Antarctica.	
j)	The part of Antarctica that lies in the Eastern Hemisphere is known as Antarctica.	

Question 2

Draw a neat diagram of layers of atmosphere and label each layer neatly.

Question 3

Picture Study.

a) Name the weather instrument and write its uses.

[2]



b) Name 'P' and 'M' countries which are part of British Isles.





c) Observe the picture and name the mineral fuel which is used in steam engines. Name a major producing country of that mineral fuel.[2]



Question 4

Name the following.	
a) Name the upper limit of troposphere.	
b) The instrument which measures wind speed	
c) The unit to measure atmospheric pressure	
d) The technology which is used to directly convert sunlight into electrical energy	
e) Name the capital of France.	
f) The largest lake in Antarctica	
Question 5	
Map Work.	
a) In an outline map of Europe, mark and label the following physical features.	[3]
i) Ural Mountains	
ii) North European Plain	
iii) Pyrenees	
b) In a political outline map of India, mark and label the following hydroelectric projects.	[2]
i) Hirakud Dam	
ii) Mahatma Gandhi Hydroelectric Project.	
Part II [30 Marks]	
Attempt any three questions	
Question 6	
a) What do you mean by 'Greenhouse Effect'? Name a greenhouse gas.	[2]
b) Why does temperature increases in stratosphere? Name the layer which is also known as	
'lonosphere'?	[2]
c) What is 'Ozone Depletion'? Explain any two causes of ozone depletion.	[3]
d) Explain any three ways to reduce Global Warming.	[3]
Question 7	
a) Differentiate between climate and weather.	[2]
b) Name the instrument and the unit to measure atmospheric pressure.	[2]
c) Explain any three factors due to which temperature varies from one place to another.	[3]
d) What is humidity? Differentiate between Absolute Humidity and Relative Humidity.	[3]

Question 8

a)	What are the two criteria, that should be fulfilled to set up a hydroelectric power project?	[2]
b)	Name the type of coal in which the carbon content is more than 85%. Which is the oldest and	
	largest coalfield of India?	[2]
c)	Explain any three ways to conserve energy and power resources.	[3]
d)	Name an eco-friendly mineral fuel. Describe any two disadvantages of wind power.	[3]
Q	uestion 9	
a)	Name two highest peaks of Alpine Mountains Range in Europe.	[2]
b)	Name any two physical division of Europe.	[2]
c)	Explain the location and boundaries of Europe in your own words.	[3]
d)	What do you mean by 'Estuaries'? Name two major rivers of Europe.	[3]
Qι	uestion 10	
a)	Write a short note on Polar Plateau.	[2]
b)	Name two minerals that are found in Antarctica.	[2]
c)	Explain any three threats that the continent of Antarctica is experiencing in recent times.	[3]
d)	What do you mean by 'Greater Antarctica' and 'Lesser Antarctica'? Name the highest mountain	
	peak of Antarctica.	[3]